The Comprehensive Antibiotic Resistance Database

Andrew G. McArthur¹, Fazmin Nizam, Nicholas Waglechner & Gerry D. Wright

Michael G. DeGroote Institute for Infectious Disease Research McMaster University, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada

¹ AGM Bioinformatics Consulting, Hamilton, Ontario, Canada

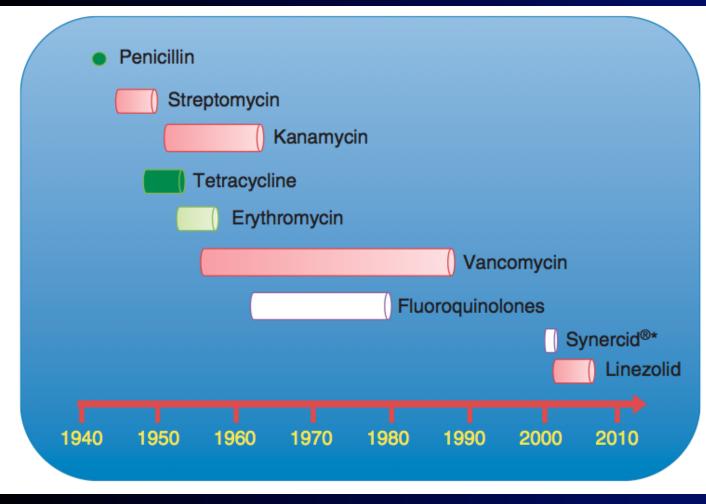


Motivation:

- Addressing antibiotic resistance requires research at molecular, clinical, population, agricultural, and environmental levels
- Common goals and objectives, but poorly integrated research findings
- Disparate sources of data, survey and experimental approaches, timelines, and research aims

Goal:

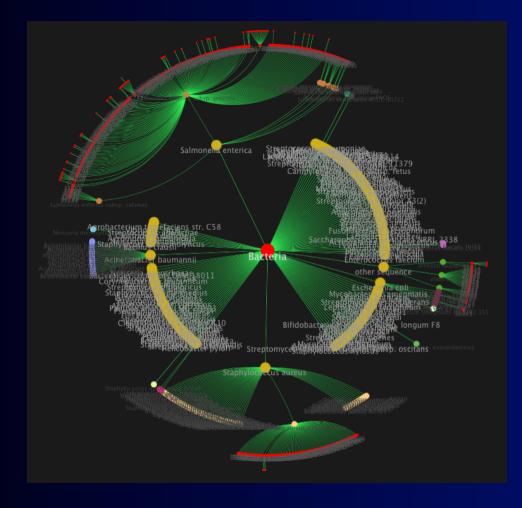
- Construction of a Comprehensive Antibiotic Resistance Database
- Development of predictive tools



Wright, G.D. 2010. The antibiotic resistome. Expert Opin. Drug Discov. 5: 1-10.

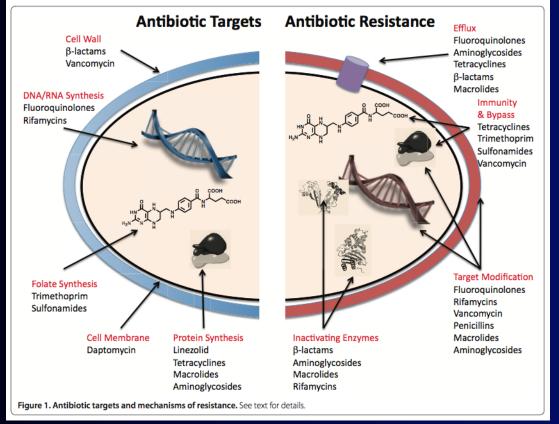
Challenges:

• Broad diversity of prokaryotic pathogens and strains



Challenges:

- Broad diversity of prokaryotic pathogens and strains
- Very diverse set of mechanisms and genes



Wright, G.D. 2010. BMC Biology 8: 123.

Challenges:

- Broad diversity of prokaryotic pathogens and strains ullet
- Very diverse set of mechanisms and genes \bullet
- Plasmid-mediated resistance, transposable elements, horizontal gene transfer \bullet

Emergence of a new antibiotic resistance mechanism in India, Pakistan, and the UK: a molecular, biological, and epidemiological study

Karthikeyan K Kumarasamy, Mark A Toleman, Timothy R Walsh, Jay Bagaria, Fafhana Butt, Ravikumar Balakrishnan, Uma Chaudhary Michel Doumith, Christian G Giske, Seema Irfan, Padma Krishnan, Anil V Kumar, Sunil Maharjan, Shazad Mushtaq, Tabassum Noorie, David L Paterson, Andrew Pearson, Claire Perry, Rachel Pike, Bhargavi Rao, Ujjwayini Ray, Jayanta B Sarma, Madhu Sharma, Elizabeth Sheridan, Mandayam A Thirunarayan, Jane Turton, Supriya Upadhyay, Marina Warner, William Welfare, David M Livermore, Neil Woodford

Summary

Background Gram-negative Enterobacteriaceae with resistance to carbapenem conferred by New Delhi metallo-βlactamase 1 (NDM-1) are potentially a major global health problem. We investigated the prevalence of NDM-1, in multidrug-resistant Enterobacteriaceae in India, Pakistan, and the UK.

Methods Enterobacteriaceae isolates were studied from two major centres in India-Chennai (south India), Haryana (north India)-and those referred to the UK's national reference laboratory. Antibiotic susceptibilities were assessed, and the presence of the carbapenem resistance gene blashed, was established by PCR. Isolates were typed by pulsed-field gel electrophoresis of XbaI-restricted genomic DNA. Plasmids were analysed by S1 nuclease digestion and PCR typing. Case data for UK patients were reviewed for evidence of travel and recent admission to hospitals in India or Pakistan.

Findings We identified 44 isolates with NDM-1 in Chennai, 26 in Haryana, 37 in the UK, and 73 in other sites in India and Pakistan. NDM-1 was mostly found among Escherichia coli (36) and Klebsiella pneumoniae (111), which were highly resistant to all antibiotics except to tigecycline and colistin. K pneumoniae isolates from Haryana were clonal but NDM-1 producers from the UK and Chennai were clonally diverse. Most isolates carried the NDM-1 gene on plasmids: those from UK and Chennai were readily transferable whereas those from Haryana were not conjugative. Many of the UK NDM-1 positive patients had travelled to India or Pakistan within the past year, or had links with these countries.

Interpretation The potential of NDM-1 to be a worldwide public health problem is great, and co-ordinated international surveillance is needed.

Funding European Union, Wellcome Trust, and Wyeth.

Introduction

Bacteria from clinical and non-clinical settings are becoming increasingly resistant to conventional antibiotics. 10 years ago, concern centred on Gram-positive bacteria,

continents.12,13 Much of this dissemination is undetected. with resistant clones carried in the normal human flora and only becoming evident when they are the source of endogenous infections. The CTX-M-15 extended-spectrum particularly meticillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus and β -lactamase (ESBL) encoded by bla_{CIXMSS} was first reported Department of Microbiology.

Lancet Infect Dis 2010 10:597-602 Published Online August 11, 2010 DOI:10.1016/51473

 $\rightarrow W$

3099(10)70143-2 See Reflection and Reaction

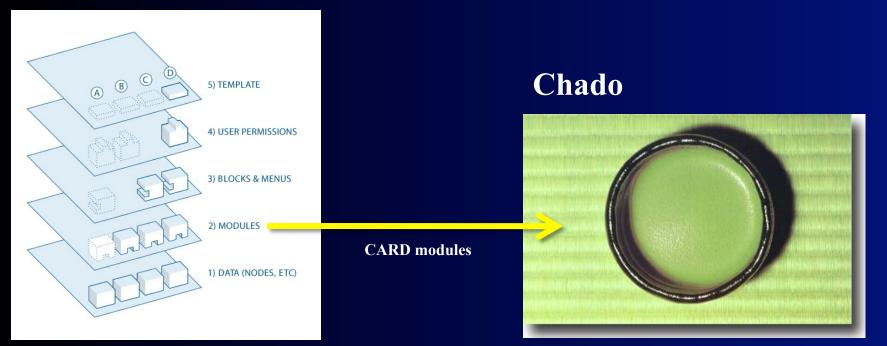
page 578

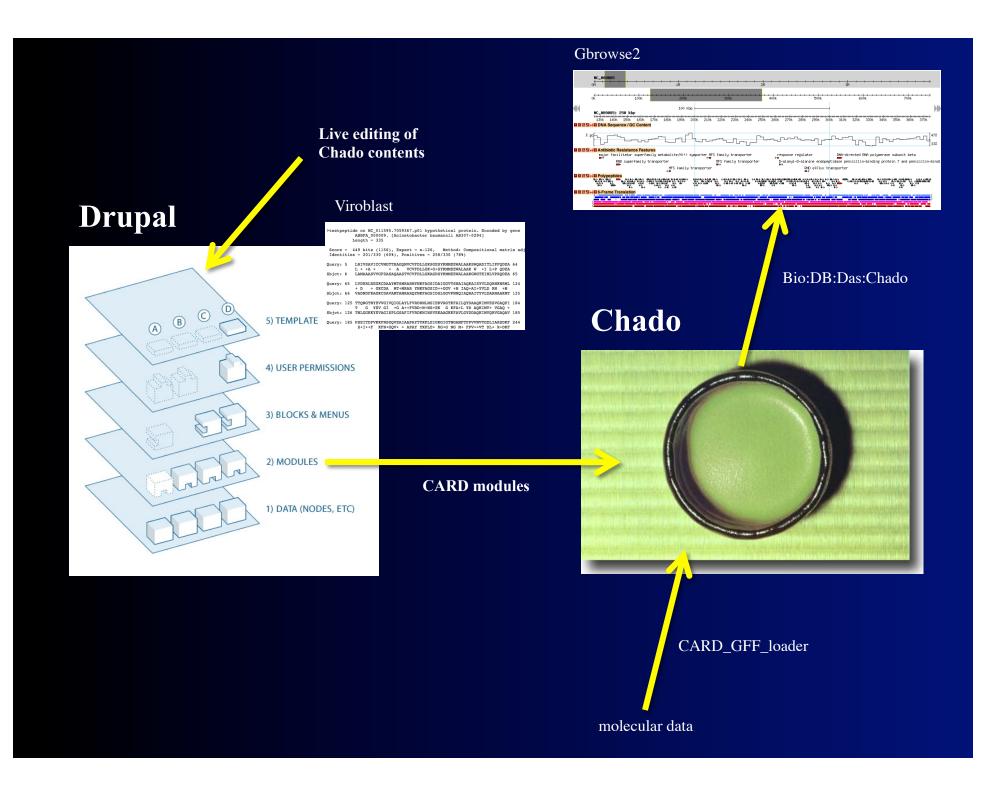
Department of Microbiology Dr ALM PG IBMS, University of Madras, Chennai, India (K K Kumarasamy MPhil P Krishnan PhD); Department of Infection, Immunity and Biochemistry, School of Medicine, Cardiff University Cardiff, UK (M A Toleman PhD. Prof T R Walsh PhD): Health Protection Agency Centre for Infections, London, UK (J Bagaria MD, R Balakrishnan MD, M Doumith PhD, S Maharjan MD S Mushtaq MD, T Noorie MD, A Pearson PhD, C Perry PhD, R Pike PhD, B Rao MD, E Sheridan PhD, J Turton PhD, M Warner PhD, W Welfare PhD D M Livermore PhD N Woodford PhD); Departs of Microbiology, Shaukat Khanum Cancer Hospital, Lahore, Pakistan (F Butt MD);

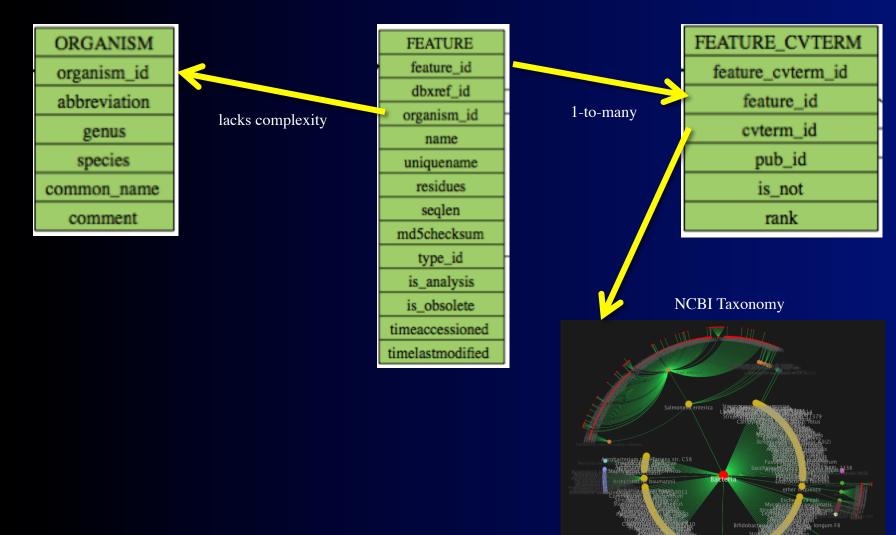
Design Decisions:

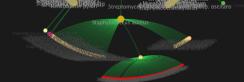
- Development of a Antibiotic Resistance Ontology
- Initial focus upon molecular data
- Chado as the core organizing principle
- Use of a organismal ontology
- Ontology-centric interface
- Live curation of ontology and data
- Predictive tools

Drupal



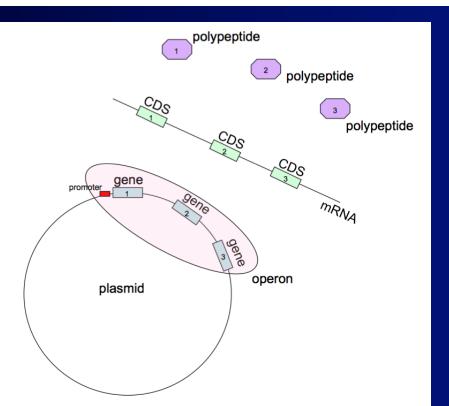


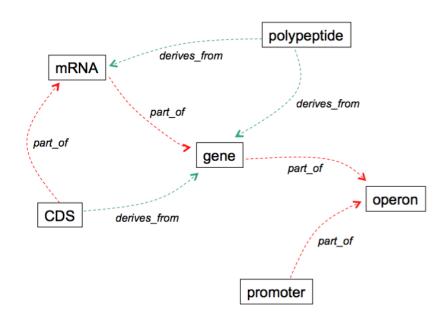


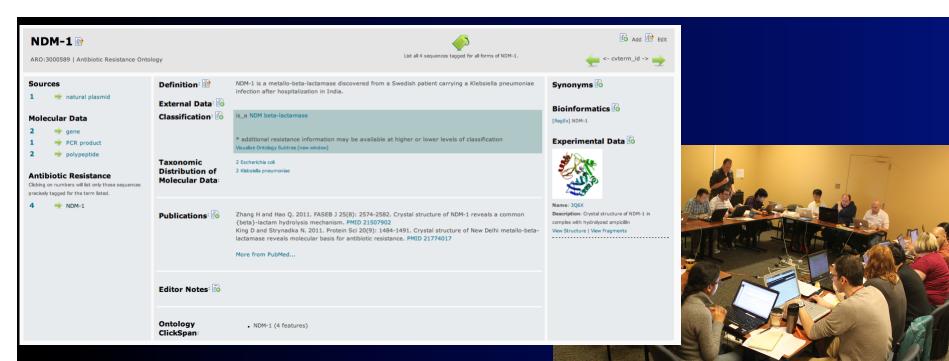


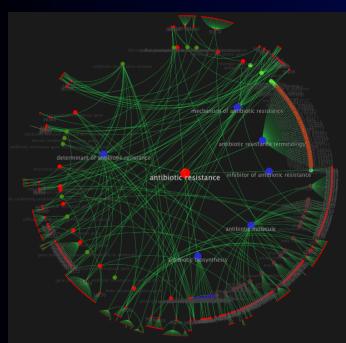
Prokaryote Issues

- The prokaryotic gene model
- Chado and SOFA compliance
- Circular genomes and plasmids











Data so far:

- 22 prokaryotic genomes, 108 plasmids, 3 transposible elements
- 74.7 Mbp of genome/plasmid sequence
- 67,990 protein-coding genes
- 194 species, subspecies, or strains
- 543 antibiotic resistance ontology (ARO) terms
- 2,560 ARO tagged protein-coding genes

aminoglycoside resistance gene

ARO:3000104 | Antibiotic Resistance Ontology

6

APH(6)

| | | | resource yere. | |
|--|--|-----------------|---|-------------------|
| Sou | | Definition | Genes conferring resistance to aminoglycoside antibiotics. | Synonyms |
| 13 | circular double stranded DNA chromosome | External Data: | | |
| 11 | natural plasmid | Classification | is_a determinant of antibiotic resistance | Bioinformatics |
| | | | confers_resistance_to aminoglycoside | [RGI focal point] |
| 2 | | | includes: | |
| | | | aminoglycoside acetyltransferase (AAC) | Experimental Data |
| Molecular Data | | | aminoglycoside nucleotidyltransferase (ANT) | |
| 47 | 🔶 cloned region | | aminoglycoside phosphotransferase (APH) | |
| 103 | 🔶 gene | | | |
| 103 | polypeptide | | * additional resistance information may be available at higher or lower levels of classification Visualize Ontology Subtree (new window) | |
| | | | nadalice ontology experied (new minetial) | |
| 5 | 🔶 region | Taxonomic | 8 Acinetobacter baumannii AB0057 | |
| 1 | 🌩 repeat region | Distribution of | 4 Acinetobacter baumannii AB307-0294 | |
| | | Molecular Data: | 4 Acinetobacter baumannii ACICU | |
| Antibiotic Resistance | | | 14 Acinetobacter baumannii AYE | |
| Clicking on numbers will list only those sequences | | | 2 Acinetobacter baumannii SDF | |
| precisely tagged for the term listed. | | | 2 Bacillus circulans | |
| | | | 2 Campylobacter fetus subsp. fetus | |
| 43 | aminoglycoside | | 2 Campylobacter jejuni | |
| | acetyltransferase (AAC) | | 2 Cloning vector pBGS9- | |
| 58 | aminoglycoside | | 2 Cloning vector pUCGM 2 Enterobacter cloacae | |
| - | phosphotransferase (APH) | | 4 Enterococcus casseliflavus | |
| 9 | 🔿 ANT(2'') | | 6 Enterococcus faecalis | |
| 28 | 🔿 ANT(3'') | | 4 Enterococcus faecium | |
| 14 | 🔶 ANT(4') | | 2 Enterococcus gallinarum | |
| 10 | → ANT(6) | | 20 Escherichia coli | |
| | | | 2 Escherichia coli 0157:H7 str. Sakai | |
| 32 | 🔿 ANT(9) | | 2 IncJ plasmid R391 | |
| 4 | 🔶 APH(2'') | | 11 Klebsiella pneumoniae | |
| 4 | 🔶 APH(3'') | | 2 Legionella pneumophila 130b | |
| 6 | APH(3') | | 2 Mycobacterium fortuitum | |
| | | | 2 Plasmid NR79 | |
| 4 | 🔶 APH(4) | | 2 Plasmid pWP14a | |
| 6 | APH(6) | | 2 Pseudomonas aeruginosa | |

2 Colmonollo ont

Editing Not Allowed.

List all 212 sequences tagged for all forms of aminoglycoside resistance gene.

Acinetobacter baumannii

NCBITaxon:470 | NCBI Taxonomy

Definition Sources Synonyms External Data Acinetobacter baumanni circular double stranded 6 DNA chromosome Acinetobacter baumanii Classification is_a Bacteria Bacterium anitratum 17 🔶 natural plasmid includes: Bioinformatics Acinetobacter baumannii 1656-2 Molecular Data Acinetobacter baumannii AB0057 21133 🔶 CDS Acinetobacter baumannii AB056 Experimental Data 6 🔶 cloned region Acinetobacter baumannii AB058 1 🔶 gap Acinetobacter baumannii AB059 Acinetobacter baumannii AB307-0294 21700 🔶 gene Acinetobacter baumannii AB900 1 🔶 minus 10 signal Acinetobacter baumannii ACICU 1 🔶 minus 35 signal Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 17978 21133 🔶 mRNA Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 19606 Acinetobacter baumannii AYE 16 🔶 ncRNA Acinetobacter baumannii MDR-ZJ06 3 🔶 origin of replication Acinetobacter baumannii SDF 1 PCR product Acinetobacter baumannii WBA9388 21133 🔶 polypeptide Acinetobacter baumannii WBL7215 7 🔶 protein binding site Acinetobacter baumannii WBL7355 705 🌩 pseudogene * additional resistance information may be available at higher or lower levels of classification 7 Visualize Ontology Subtree [new window] recombination feature 4 🔶 region Taxonomic 279 Acinetobacter baumannii 51 🔶 repeat region Distribution of 15419 Acinetobacter baumannii AB0057 Molecular Data: 13988 Acinetobacter baumannii AB307-0294 1 👷 ribozyme 15240 Acinetobacter baumannii ACICU 2 🔶 RNA 6S 13658 Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 17978 102 🔶 rRNA 48 Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 19606 15132 Acinetobacter baumannii AYE 415 🔶 tRNA 12681 Acinetobacter baumannii SDF

Editing Not Allowed.

List all 86445 sequences tagged for all forms of Acinetobacter baumannii.

Too many sequences,

natural_plasmid

14

acetyltransferase (AAC)

SO:0001476 | Sequence Ontology | Visualize SO Graph

Definition A plasmid that occurs naturally. Sources Synonyms External Data: natural plasmid 108 🔶 natural plasmid Classification is_a plasmid is_a extrachromosomal_mobile_genetic_element Bioinformatics Molecular Data 1342 **→** CDS includes: **Experimental Data** 2 🔶 cloned region natural_transposable_element 2 🔶 fragmentary * additional resistance information may be available at higher or lower levels of classification Visualize Ontology Subtree [new window] 1352 🚽 gene 17 🔶 minus 10 signal Taxonomic 4 Acinetobacter baumannii Distribution of 1 Acinetobacter baumannii AB0057 16 🔶 minus 35 signal Molecular Data: 2 Acinetobacter baumannii ACICU 17 🔶 mobile genetic element 2 Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 17978 1342 🔶 mRNA 1 Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 19606 4 Acinetobacter baumannii AYE 1 🔶 ncRNA 3 Acinetobacter baumannii SDF 8 origin of replication 1 Enterococcus faecalis 2 🔶 oriT 3 Escherichia coli 1 Escherichia coli O157:H7 str. Sakai 1342 🎐 polypeptide 2 Klebsiella pneumoniae 5 🔶 promoter 1 Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi 12 🔶 protein binding site 68 Staphylococcus aureus 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus COL 65 👷 pseudogene 2 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ED98 16 recombination feature 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus JH1 86 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus JH9 🔶 region 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus MSSA476 171 🔶 repeat region 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus Mu50 2 🔶 ribosome entry site 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus N315 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ST398 3 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus USA300_FPR3757 Antibiotic Resistance 2 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus USA300_TCH1516 Clicking on numbers will list only those sequences 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus USA300_TCH959 precisely tagged for the term listed. 7 🔶 aminoglycoside aminoglycoside

List all 108 sequences tagged for all forms of natural_plasmid.

Editing Not Allowed.

Publications More from PubMed...

natural_plasmid

SO:0001476 | Sequence Ontology | Visualize SO Graph

acetyltransferase (AAC)

Definition Sources A plasmid that occurs naturally. Synonyms External Data: natural plasmid 108 🔶 natural plasmid Classification is_a plasmid is_a extrachromosomal_mobile_genetic_element Bioinformatics Molecular Data 1342 **→** CDS includes: **Experimental Data** 2 natural_transposable_element 🔶 cloned region 2 🔶 fragmentary * additional resistance information may be available at higher or lower levels of classification Visualize Ontology Subtree [new window] 1352 🚽 gene 17 🚽 minus 10 signal Taxonomic 4 Acinetobeccer baumannii 1 Acir.etobacter baumannii AB0057 **Distribution of** 16 🔶 minus 35 signal Molecular Data: 2 Acinetobacter baumannii ACICU 17 🔶 mobile genetic element 2 Acinetobacter baumannii ATCC 17978 1342 🔶 mRNA 4 Acinetobacter baumannii AYE 1 🔶 ncRNA 3 Acinetobacter baumannii SDF 8 🔶 origin of replication 1 Enterococcus faecalis 2 🔶 oriT 3 Escherichia coli 1 Escherichia coli O157:H7 str. Sakai 1342 🔶 polypeptide 2 Klebsiella pneumoniae 5 🔶 promoter 1 Salmonella enterica subsp. enterica serovar Typhi 12 🚽 protein binding site 68 Staphylococcus aureus 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus COL 65 👷 pseudogene 2 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus ED98 16 🔶 recombination feature 86 🔶 region occus aureus subsp. aureus JH9 aureus subsp. aureus MCSA47 171 🔶 repeat region 1 Staphylococcus au subsp. aureus Mu5 2 🔶 ribosome entry site aureus N315 1 Staphylococcus aureus subso 3 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus US **Anabiotic Resistance** 2 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus USA300 Clicking on numbers will list only those sequences 1 Staphylococcus aureus subsp. aureus USA300_TCH952 precisely tagged for the term listed. 7 🔶 aminoglycoside aminoglycoside 14

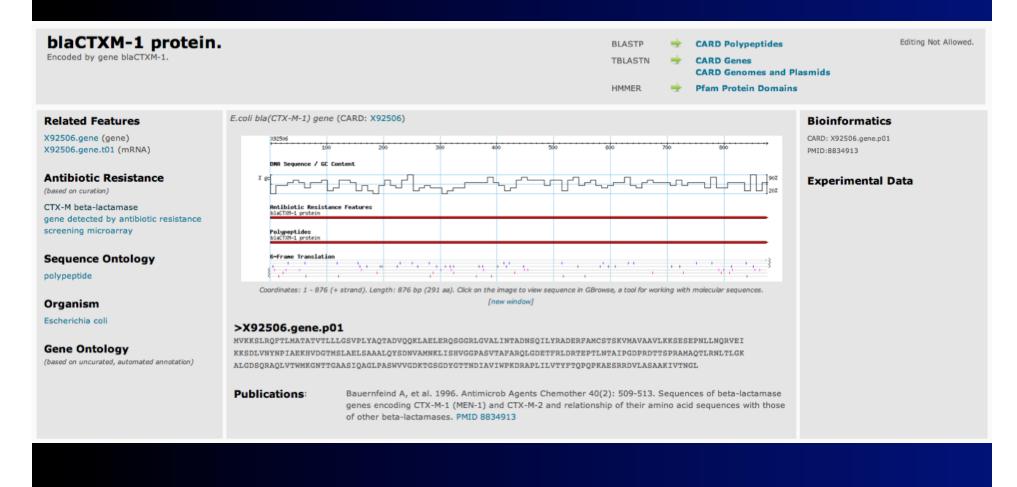
Publications More from PubMed...



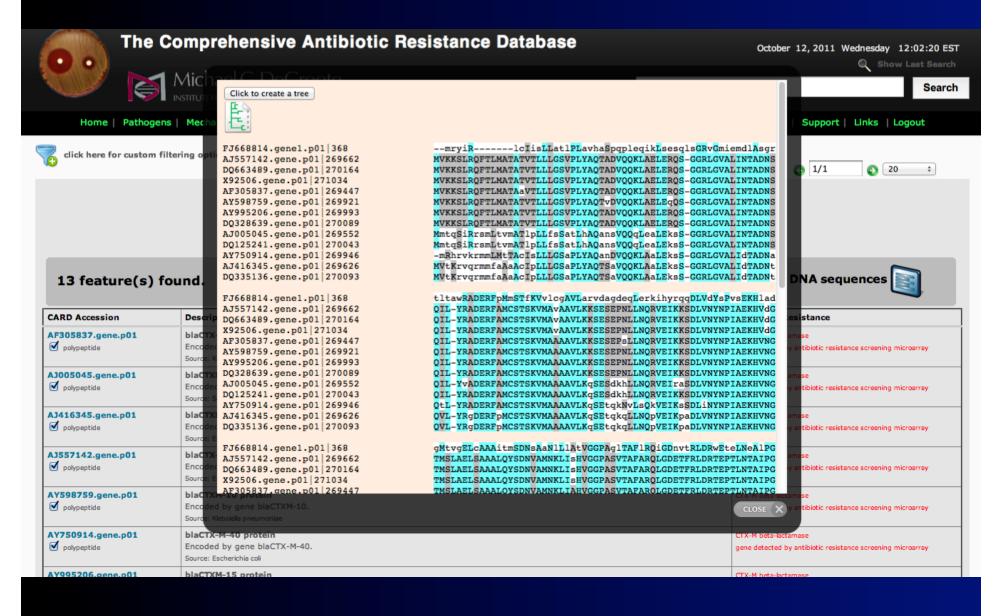
Editing Not Allowed.

List all 108 sequences tagged for all forms of natural_plasmid.

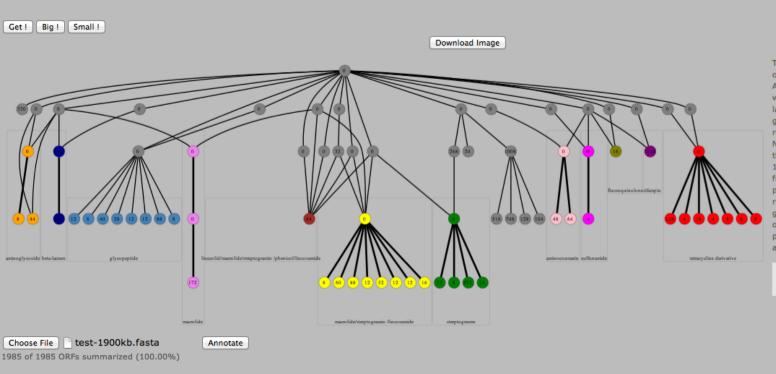
Feature Page



Lists as Power Tools



Resistance Gene Identifier

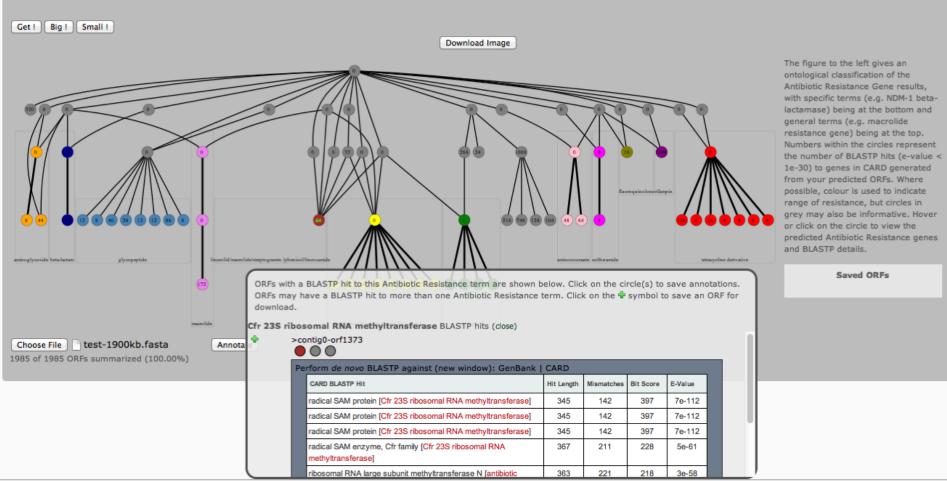


Predicted Antibiotic Resistance Genes

The figure to the left gives an ontological classification of the Antibiotic Resistance Gene results, with specific terms (e.g. NDM-1 betalactamase) being at the bottom and general terms (e.g. macrolide resistance gene) being at the top. Numbers within the circles represent the number of BLASTP hits (e-value < 1e-30) to genes in CARD generated from your predicted ORFs. Where possible, colour is used to indicate range of resistance, but circles in grey may also be informative. Hover or click on the circle to view the predicted Antibiotic Resistance genes and BLASTP details.

Saved ORFs

Resistance Gene Identifier



Predicted Antibiotic Resistance Genes

Future work:

- Ontology development
- Custom HMMs
- SNP models
- Data curation
- Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC)
- Prevalence
- Metagenomics

Acknowledgements

- GMOD Community
- Wright Lab, McMaster University
- Patrick Boerlin, Guelph University
- Don Low & Colleagues, Ontario Agency for Health Protection and Promotion
- Antibiotic Resistance Pipeline Consortium (UK-Canada)